

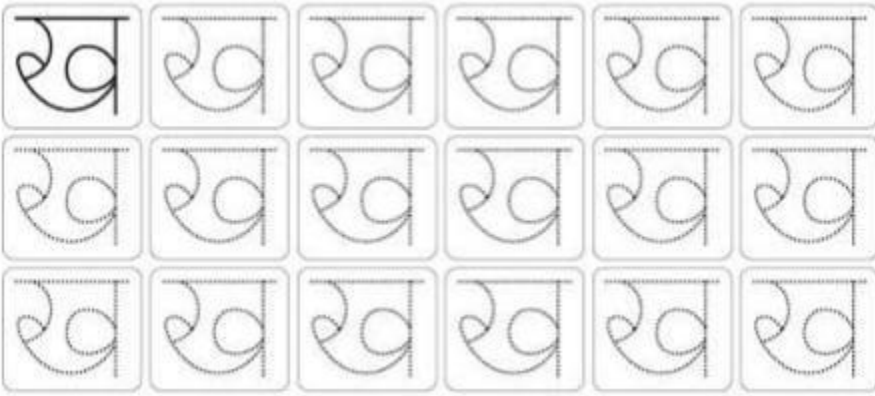
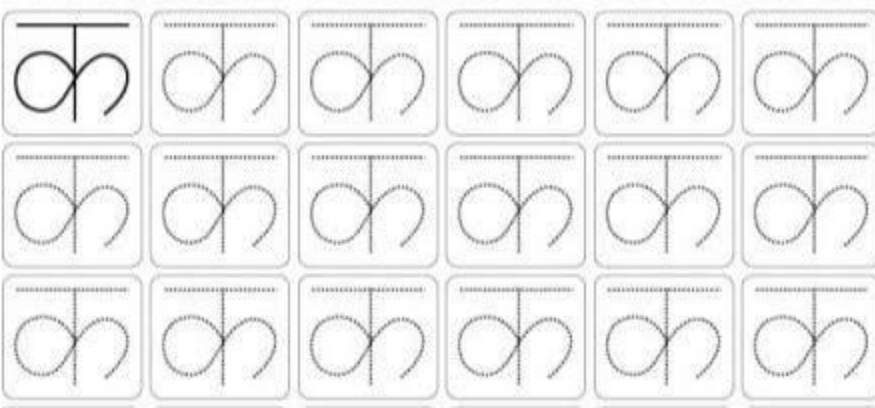
हरी विद्या भवन

कक्षा – Nursery

विषय- हिन्दी अभ्यास कार्य

दिनांक:29/01/21

प्र०1) क और ख वर्ण काँपी में लिखें।



हरी विद्या भवन

कक्षा -KG

विषय- हिन्दी worksheet

दिनांक 29/01/21

प्र०1) वर्णमाला लिखो। (अ से अः तक और क से ज तक)

प्र०2) ऊ की मात्रा से बनने वाले कोई 10 शब्द लिखो।

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____
10. _____

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

CLASS :- 1

SUBJECT :- E.V.S

REVISION WORKSHEET

DATE :-29.1.21. / Day :- Friday

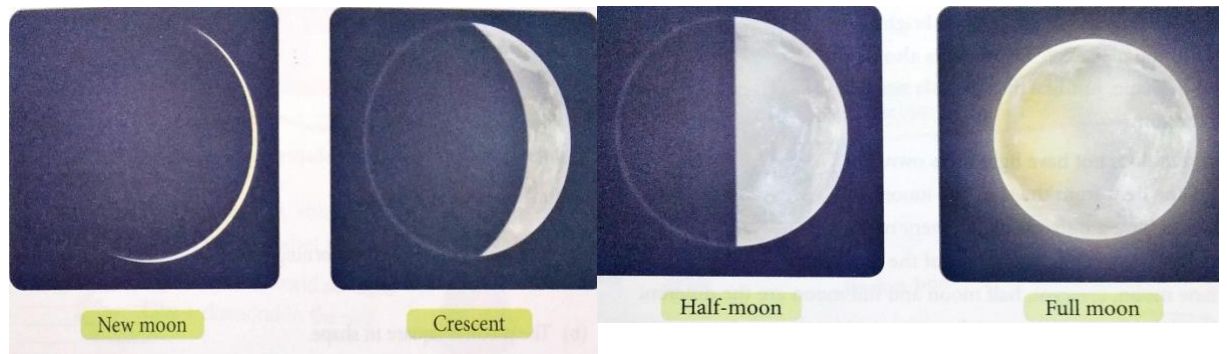
INSTRUCTIONS :- Do the work in your E.V.S. notebook.

Q 1 :- Fill in the blanks.

- 1. We need water to drink.**
- 2. We need water to wash fruits and vegetables and to cook food.**
- 3. We get water from rivers , lakes, ponds, wells and oceans.**
- 4. We need water to live.**
- 5. Rain is the source of underground water.**
- 6. We should never waste water.**
- 7. The water in seas and oceans is salty.**
- 8. Moving air is called wind.**
- 9. Wind mill use air to produce energy.**
- 10 Dirty air is called polluted air.**

- 11 Polluted air is harmful for us.
12. Very hot wind that blow in summer is called loo.
13. Smoke makes the air dirty.
14. We need air to burn things.
15. The sun is a huge ball of fire.
16. Stars shines at night.
17. The earth moves round the Sun.
18. The sun rises in the east.
19. The earth also moves on its own axis.
20. We cannot count the number of stars.

Q 2 :- Draw and label the different shapes of moon.



HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

CLASS- II

SUBJECT – ENGLISH

Revision worksheet

DATE – 29- 1 – 2021

Note- DO THIS WORKSHEET IN YOUR COPY

Q-1. Choose the correct verb from the box to fill in each blank-

Shine	Shines
Twinkle	Twinkles
Sound	Sounds
Enjoy	Enjoys
Drink	Drinks

- a) The sun shines brightly.
- b) The stars twinkles at night.
- c) It sounds funny.
- d) I enjoy watching T.V.
- e) He drinks coffee a lot.

Q-2. Fill in the blanks with the verb below. Add 's' to the verb where necessary

—

Fly	Give	Set	Roar	Smell
Run	Bail	Bark	Croak	Climb

- a) A monkey climbs a tree.
- b) Loin roar.
- c) The sun gives us light.
- d) The sun sets in the west.
- e) A rose smells sweet.

f) Hare runs fast.

g) Dogs bark at strangers.

Hari vidya bhawan

Class- 2

Subject - EVS

Date :29-01-2021

Instructions :


Do this worksheet in evs copy.


All queries regarding worksheet shall be resolved from 8:00am. To.
3:00 pm.


1. Match the following.


Column A	Column B
Insect	Octopus
Land animal	Ant
Bird	Cow
Water animal	Sparrow

2. Identify the animals and write what they eat.

(a)  _____

(b)  _____

(c)  _____

(d)  _____

2. Match the sentences in Column A with their answers in Column B.

Column A
The sun gives us
North, south, east and west are
Two weeks make a
The brightest time of the day is
The number of days in a calendar is
To find direction we use a

Column B
noon
light
365
directions
compass
fortnight

Draw the national bird, national flower and national tree picture in copy.

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

REVISION WORKSHEET

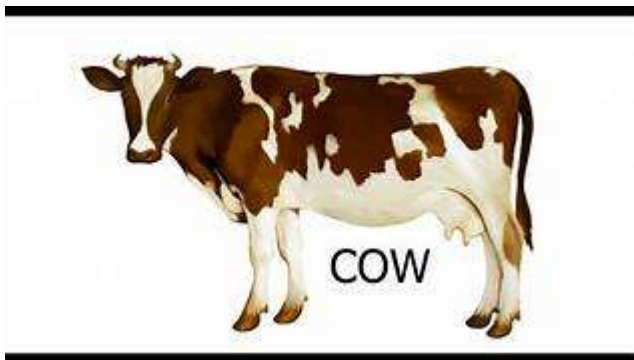
CLASS-3

SUBJECT-ENGLISH

DATE: 29/01/2021

Note: - Do this worksheet in your class notebook.

Q1) Write an essay on 'Cow'.



A cow is a domestic animal. Cows are one of the most innocent animals who are very harmless. People keep cows at their homes for various benefits. Cows are four-footed and have a large body. It has two horns, two eyes plus two ears and one nose and a mouth. Cows are herbivorous animals. They have a lot of uses to mankind. In fact, farmers and people keep cows at their homes for the same

Q2) Write an essay on 'Healthy Food'.



HEALTHY FOOD

- Carbohydrates and Fats are part of healthy food.
- Healthy food keeps children fresh and rejuvenated.
- Food, when eaten in proper intervals and in the right amount, can make children fitter.
- Healthy food is delicious.
- Kids must be told and trained on how to eat healthily.
- Kids must not refrain from eating vegetables.
- Children should avoid junk food.
- The Health and well being of children go hand in hand.

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

CLASS – 3

SUBJECT – EVS

REVISION WORKSHEET

Date – 29/01/2021

POLLUTION – The contamination of air, water and land by harmful substances is called **pollution**. These harmful substances are called **pollutants**.

TYPES OF POLLUTION

1. Air Pollution
2. Water Pollution
3. Land Pollution
4. Noise Pollution

AIR POLLUTION – Harmful pollutants such as toxic gases, dust in smoke released from vehicles and factories cause air pollution. These affect human beings, plants and animals.

CAUSES	Effects
<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Smoke from factories.○ Burning wastes and fuels.○ Burning crackers.○ Smoke from vehicles.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Irritation in the throat and eyes, cough, headache, breathing problems And many other health problems.

Ways to prevent air pollution.

1. Plant more trees since they are natural purifiers of air.
2. Avoid burning garbage as it contains things like plastic, thermocol or aluminium foils which release harmful gases when burnt.
3. Avoid bursting crackers since smoke is harmful.

WATER POLLUTION – The contamination of water by harmful substances is called water pollution.

CAUSES	EFFECTS
<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Dumping garbage into water bodies.○ Washing clothes and utensils near water bodies.○ Releasing industrial waste into water bodies.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ Drinking dirty water may cause diseases such as diarrhoea and jaundice.○ Aquatic animals may die if the water is polluted. Moreover, if fields are irrigated with polluted water, crops may get affected.

Ways to prevent Water Pollution.

- Do not throw garbage into water bodies like lakes, ponds, rivers and seas.
- Do not wash clothes and utensils near riverbanks as the harmful chemicals present in detergents can kill aquatic animals and pollute the water.
- People who use motorboats should check the engines regularly to ensure that fuel doesn't leak into the water.

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

Subject – English

(Practice Worksheet)

Class - IV and V

Date : 29.01.2021

General Instruction:

- Do this work in your English notebook.

Grammar

Verb : A verbs are words that give the idea of action, of doing; something.

Example: words like run, fight, do and work, all convey action.

Types of verb : action verb , helping verb etc.

The action verb tells us what the subject of our clause or sentence is doing-physically or mentally.

Example:

- Josan walked to school.
- Will you help me with my chores?

Helping verbs are verbs that are used before the main verb of the sentence to express the Action and the state. Example - is ,am,are,Was, were etc.

Q1.Underline the verbs in the following sentences.

1. The mirror broke into small pieces.
2. A river flows near our village.
3. Ramola cleaned the black board
4. Knowledge and wisdom make a man great.
5. I received a letter this evening.

Q2.Fill in the blanks with is, am, are, was, were, has, have or had.

1. The girls are talking loudly.

2. He is standing near the window.
3. I am going for the school trip.
4. They had a party at their home last night.
5. Cinderella is crying when grandmother appeared to help her.

Adverb : Adverbs are a very broad collection of words that may describe how, where, or when an action took place. Like-quickly, slowly, softly, terribly, neatly, carefully etc.

Example :

- Neha sums quickly.
- This is a very sweet mango.

Q1. Read the passage given below and underline the adverbs.

Gautam ran quickly. He had never been so frightened. He screamed loudly and ran towards the garden. He always went there whenever he was frightened. He was so glad to reach the garden. He saw beautiful flowers all around him. Soon he forgot that he was frightened and played happily in the garden.

Q2. Select the appropriate word from the brackets after each sentence to fill in the blanks.

1. Radhika speaks loudly (loudly, hardly)
2. You must work seriously (seriously, already)
3. He looked better after changing his clothes. (pretty, better)
4. There are no players in the field. (no, any)
5. Ravi goes to the garden daily (daily, already)

Note :

- Do this work in neat and clean handwriting.
- Learn this work at home.

Hari Vidya Bhawan

Class-4

Sub- EVS (Revision work sheet)

Date – 29/01/21

Note: Do this work sheet in your note book.

Q.1 Describe the importance of natural resources.

Ans . Natural resources are use to fulfill our requirements. Sunlight , air and water are the most essential natural resources .These help plants ,animals and human being and animals to grow.

Q.2 Name any five natural resources available in our state.

Ans. Plants', air, water, sunlight and soil are the five natural resources available in our state.

Q.3 Which natural resources provide us with paper .Is it reasonable ?

Ans. The most common natural resource used to make paper is tree because it is made from wood pulp or plant fibre. yes it is a renewable resource .It can be regenerated by planting more trees. It is also the most recycled product.

Q.4 Write one difference between meteoroids and meteorites. Ans.

1.METEOROIDS:- Meteorites are small rocky bodies that break from other celestial bodies like asteroids, comets, moons or planets.

2.METEORITES:- Sometimes, the meteor do not burn completely in the atmosphere and strike the surface of the earth. These pieces are called

meteorites.

Q.5 Name all the components of the solar system.

Ans. Planets,dwarft planets, asteroids, comets, Meteorites, natural satellites and sun are components of solar system.

Q.6 What cause day and night?

Ans. The Earth spins on its tilted axis from west to east. This moment is called rotation. Tt completes one rotation in 24 hours. During rotation, the part of the earth facing the sun experiences day while the other part experiences night.

Q.7 What is a cruise ship?

Ans. A cruise ship is a means of water transport used for recreation or for a holiday to travel to different places.

Q.8 Name the festival in which boat racing competition is considered an important part of the celebration. Where in India is it celebrated?

Ans. Onam is the festival in which boat racing competition is considered an important part of the celebration .It is celebrated in Kerala.

Q.9 What is a port?

Ans. A port is a place where boats and ships dock, refuel and transport people and cargo from one place to another. They are situated on the shores of oceans ,seas, large rivers or big lakes .Ports also have warehouses to store goods.

Q.10 . How is the energy that we get from food obtained indirectly from

the sun?

Ans. The sun gives us solar energy. Plants use it for photosynthesis and transform it into chemical energy. when we eat plant products such as vegetables and fruits we get chemical energy stored in this food items . In our body this energy is transformed into mechanical energy, which is used to run ,walk and to do other work .Hence ,the energy that we get from food is obtained indirectly from the sun.

Q.11 Write the difference between potential energy and kinetic energy. Ans. Potential energy:-

1. The energy possessed by a body due to its position is called potential energy.

Kinetic energy:-

1. The energy possessed by a body due its motion is called kinetic energy.

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

Subject – English

(Practice Worksheet)

Class - IV and V

Date : 29.01.2021

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Q2.Fill in the blanks with is, am, are, was, were, has, have or had.

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- Learn this work at home.

Hari Vidya Bhawan

Class-5

Sub- EVS (Revision work sheet)

Date – 29/01/21

Note: Do this work sheet in your note book.

Q.1 Define the solute with an example.

Ans. The substance that dissolve in another substance is called solute. For example sugar is solute in a sugar solution.

Q.2 Define solvent with an example.

Ans. The substance in which a solute dissolve is called the solvent, for example water is a solvent in the sugar solution.

Q.3 Name any two immiscible liquids.

Ans. Oil and ghee in water are two examples of immiscible liquids.

Q.4 Name any three miscible liquid.

Ans. Water in milk, lemon juice in water and honey in milk are three examples of miscible liquids.

Q.5 List any five examples of solids.

Ans. Pencil, pen, earse, plate, bat etc.

Q.6 What is matter?

Ans. Anything around us that occupies space and has weight is known as matter.

Q.7 Name the seven main classical dance forms of India.

Ans. The seven main classical dance forms of India are Bharatanatyam, Kathak, Odissi, kuchipudi,, Mohiniattam,Manipuri and kathakali.

Q.8 Write two difference between classical dances and folk dances of India.

Ans. Classical:- A special feature of classical dance is that the dancer use complex gestures or mudras during the performance.

Folk dance:- Folk dances are simple dance forms performed by different communities from different regions to express Joy on occasions like the arrival of different seasons the ,birth of a child ,wedding good harvest and festivals.

Q.9 How are different types of Maps useful to us?

Ans. Different types of of maps help us identify the location of major cities, states, landforms and water bodies around a country. There are special maps to show specific information on soil types ,crop distribution , natural resources forest route maps etc of a particular location.

Q.10 Describe the importance of a global.

Ans.

Globes are important because they help us locate different places on earth. It is a spherical scaled model of earth .Without globes no one would know what Earth really looks like it also help us understand its

movement along its axis.

Q.11 Write a short note on the parallels of latitudes?

Ans. The imaginary lines that run in an east west direction around the entire globe are called parallels of latitudes . These makes complete circle. The horizontal imaginary line exactly between the north pole and the South Pole is known as the equator .It is the longest latitude.