

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

Session- 2020-2021

Subject- Business Studies (054)

Class -11th

Worksheet-25

Chapter- 9 (Internal Trade)

General instruction :

- Solve the worksheet in your Fair Subject Note Book.
- To solve this worksheet you can take help of the following link
https://youtu.be/G_bQ9XefFDs (Internal Trade)

Topic – Internal Trade – Types of Internal Trade

Q.1. Explain following Services of Retailer

- i. Services to Customer
- ii. Services to Wholesaler and Manufacturer

Q.2. Explain classification of Retailer.

Q.3. How many types of Retail trade ? Draw a diagram.

Q.4. What do you mean by itinerants Retailer ? Explain.

Q.5. How many types of itinerants Retailer ? Explain.

Q.6. What do you mean by Fixed shops Retailer ? Explain.

Q.7. How many types of fixed shops Retailer. Explain .

Hari Vidya Bhawan
Class-XI (2020-21)
Subject : English
Assignment: 25
Chapter 5:- Mother's Day

General Instructions

1. Students you have to do the given assignment in your fair notebook.
2. Chapter explanation will be done during online class.
3. For answers refer English Core book pg. no. 325, 326, 327.
4. Clear your doubts during online class or what's app group on Tuesday and Friday.

Answer the given questions in 30 to 40 words:-

Q1: Who is Mrs. Fitzgerald? Why do you think Mrs. Pearson called on her?

Q2: Where did Mrs. Fitzgerald learn the art of fortune telling?

Q3: What is Mrs. Fitzgerald's advice to Mrs. Pearson?

Q4: How does Mrs. Pearson react to Mrs. Fitzgerald's advice to 'put your foot down'?

Q5: Mrs. Fitzgerald seems to know Mrs. Pearson better than herself. How do you know this?

Q6: Which trick does Mrs. Fitzgerald want to try now and why?

Q7: Who is the first to receive the shock from the change? How?

Q8: Mention two other shocks Doris receives from her mother.

Q9: How does Mrs. Pearson stop Mrs. Fitzgerald from giving away the truth?

Q10: On what note does the play end?

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

Session- 2020-2021
Subject- Political Science
Class -11th
Worksheet-25

Chapter- 5. Rights

General instruction :

- (I) Solve the worksheet in your subject Note Book .
- (II) To solve this worksheet you can take help of the following link:

<https://youtu.be/FVTOWNk-8Dg>

QUESTIONS

Q1. Legal duties include.....

- (a) obedience of law.
- (b) payments of taxes
- (c) to participate in military services.
- (d) all of the above

Q2. What is right to education?

Q3. Explain the right to equality.

Q4. What safeguards are available for rights?

Q5. Can it be stated that rights are absolute? Give reasons.

Q6. Explain some political rights of the citizens.

Q7. What does the right to govern oneself imply?

Q8. What is the difference between constitutional rights and natural rights?



HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

Session- 2020-2021

Subject- Business Studies (054)

Class -12th

Revision Worksheet- 60

Chapter- 1 (Nature of management)

General instruction :

- **Solve the worksheet in your Fair Subject Note Book.**

1. Marketing and Personnel Managers are part of _____ (1)
 - a. None of these
 - b. Middle Level Management
 - c. Top Level Management
 - d. Operational Level Management
2. Providing facilities of Schools, creches and hospitals is the ____objective of management. (1)
 - a. Social Objective
 - b. Organisational Objective
 - c. Personal Objective
 - d. None of these
3. Policy formulation is the function of: (1)
 - a. Top level managers
 - b. All of the above
 - c. Middle level managers
 - d. Operational managers
4. The following is not an objective of management: (1)
 - a. Earning profits
 - b. Policy making
 - c. Growth of the organisation
 - d. Providing employment
5. One of the objectives of management is to consistently create economic value for various constitutes of the society. Give two examples of this objective. (1)
6. Your grandfather has retired from an organisation in which he is responsible for

Date – 19 January 2021

implementing the plans developed by the top management. At which level of management was he working? State one more function performed at this level. **(1)**

7. Your grandfather has retired as the Director of a manufacturing company. At which level of management was working? Different type of function are performed at this level. State any one function. **(1)**
8. Name the process of working with and through others to effectively achieve organisational objectives by efficiently using its limited resources in the changing environment. **(1)**
9. Devesh works as Head (Finance) in a electronics company. Although over the years, with the experience he has been able to build upon his managerial skills in terms of creativity, imagination, and initiative, still he feels that the knowledge of certain underlying theories and principles of management is a must for any aspiring manager. This is primarily due to the fact that these principles are evolved through observations and tested through experimentation and help the managers in making scientific decisions. Thus, a manager requires both the knowledge and certain skills to apply the related knowledge in the light of given situations to be successful in his work.

In the context of the above case;

- a. Identify and explain the two aspects of nature of management which Devesh thinks makes a manager successful.
 - b. Also, explain the specific feature of one of the aspects of nature of management as identified in part (a) of the question which distinguishes it from other physical sciences like biology, physics, and chemistry etc. **(3)**
10. Explain the meaning of management. What do you mean by managers? **(3)**
 11. Mr. Nitin Singhania's father has a good business of iron and steel. He wants to go to the USA for his MBA but his father thinks that he should join the business. On the basis of emerging trends, do you think that Mr. Singhania should send his son to the USA? Give any three reasons in support of your answer. **(4)**
 12. Kartik joins a garment factory as a plant supervisor in Lucknow. He observes that the

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output of some workers is very low as compared to the standards set for their performance. On analyzing the reasons for the same, he finds out that a lot of time of the workers is wasted in getting the requisite materials issued from the store. Whereas on asking, the storekeeper complains that there is no harmony in the working of the production department as a whole. Every day the workers approach him at the last minute to procure different kinds of threads, laces, mirrors, buttons etc. If it is not available in the store when he has to place an order with the purchasing officer. As a result, a lot of time for the workers is wasted. So, in order to integrate the various production activities, henceforth, Kartik ensures that the storekeeper is informed well three days in advance about the requisite material. Consequently, the storekeeper is able to keep the materials ready for the workers every morning in accordance with their requirements.

In the context of the above case:

- a. Identify and explain the quality of management that Kartik has introduced in the working of the production department as a corrective measure to control the output of the workers.
 - b. State briefly any two points highlighting the importance of quality of management identified in part (a) **(4)**
13. What are the objectives of management? Explain briefly. **(5)**
14. Explain the organisational objectives of management. **(5)**
15. State any four characteristics of profession. **(6)**

Hari Vidya Bhawan
Class-XII (2020-21)
Subject : English
Assignment-60

General Instructions

1. This is Sample Paper Practice worksheet, you have to do all given questions in your fair notebook.
2. Maintain separate notebook for sample paper practice work.
3. Clear your doubts during online classes or in what's app group on Tuesday and Friday.

Read the extracts and answer the following questions:-

1: Mr. Lamb: You could lock yourself up in a room and never leave it . There was a man who did that. He was afraid, you see, of everything. Everything in this world. A bus might run over him, or a man might breathe deadly germs onto him.

Q1.The positivity in Lamb is:

- a) his attitude towards life
- b) his experience of society
- c) uniqueness of accidents
- d) his disbelief in humanity

Q2.The phrase ‘ locked up in a room’ points to a situation that is to:

- a) mingle with the common people
- b) avoid isolation
- c) achieve loneliness
- d) conceal his pain and suffering

Q3.Choose the term from the given below that best matches the statement ‘he must slip on a banana skin’.

- a) separation from past incidents
- b) extreme possibility of mishappening
- c) near possibility of bad days
- d) warning of approaching incidents

Q4.What does ‘ everything in this world’ mean?

- a) people should appreciate everything

- b) everything is beneficial for us
- c) life is always at risk
- d) people should not be afraid of anything

2: Aunt Jennifer's fingers fluttering through her wool, Find even ivory needle hard to pull.

Q1. The apparent curse of matrimony is her:

- a) absolute power
- b) never ending enjoyment
- c) freedom
- d) slavery

Q2. The uncle's wedding band is:

- a) a status symbol
- b) willingly acceptable
- c) torturing
- d) bearable

Q3. The rhyme scheme of the above extract is:

- a) abba
- b) aabb
- c) abba
- d) abab

Q4. The literary device used by the poet in the following line is: 'finger's fluttering through her wool'.

- a) personification
- b) hyperbole
- c) imagery
- d) synecdoche

3: We have imagined for the mighty dead, All lovely tales that we have heard or read.

Q1. The phrase 'mighty dead' refer to:

- a) the king and warriors
- b) wise forefathers
- c) beautiful scenery of nature
- d) mountains and valleys

Q2. 'An endless fountain of immortal drink' evokes the feeling of:

- a) repentance
- b) nostalgia
- c) satisfaction
- d) sadness

Q3. 'All lovely tales' symbolize:

- a) eventless tales
- b) long and historic tales
- c) pleasant story books
- d) immortal deeds

Q4. The rhyme scheme of the above extract is:

- a) aabb
- b) abba
- c) abab
- d) abaa

HARI VIDYA BHAWAN

Session- 2020-2021

Subject- Political Science

Class -12th

Revision Worksheet- 60

General instruction :

- Solve the worksheet in your Fair Subject Note Book.

**CBSE Class 12 Political Science
Sample Papers 09 (2020-21)**

**Maximum Marks: 80
Time Allowed: 3 hours**

General Instructions:

- All Questions are Compulsory.
- Section A has 16 Objective Type Questions of 1 mark each.
- Section B has 2 passage –based questions 17 and 18 having Multiple Choice Questions of 1 mark each.
- Question numbers 19-22 carries 2 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 40 words each.
- Question numbers 23-27 carries 4 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 100 words each.
- Question numbers 28-29 pertain to map and cartoon questions carrying 5 marks each to be answered accordingly.
- Question numbers 30-32 carries 6 marks each. Answer to these questions should not exceed 150 words each.

Section A

- On the 15th of August 1947, Mahatma Gandhi did not participate in any of the Independence day celebrations. He was in _____.
 - Kolkata
 - Delhi
 - Sabarmati
 - Naokhali
- Which elections marked the beginning of the era of the coalition in India?
 - Elections of 1967
 - Elections of 1991
 - Elections of 1999

- Elections of 1989
- Which one of the following statements is not correct about "India and the Cold War"?
 - India took particular care in staying away from the two alliances
 - India's policy was neither negative nor passive
 - Indian diplomats and leaders has mediate the Cold War rivals
 - India was not in favour of actively intervening in world affairs
 - The latest meeting of the World Social Forum of 2018 was held in:
 - Australia
 - Brazil
 - India
 - Kenya
 - Which agreement was done by America, Canada, and Mexico to promote mutual trade among themselves?
 - North American free Trade agreement
 - Northwest American free Trade
 - North Atlantic free Trade agreement
 - Northeast America free Trade agreement



- b. Northwest American free Trade
c. North Atlantic free Trade agreement
d. Northeast America free Trade agreement
6. What was called the largest garage sale in history?
a. all agricultural land was sold at throwaway prices
b. the devaluation of the ruble in front of the dollar
c. all garbages were sold at very good prices
d. valuable industries were undervalued and sold at throwaway prices
7. Which of the following leaders has led the popular struggle against the domination of West Pakistan?
a. Sheikh Mujibur Rahman
b. Lt. Gen H.M. Ershad
c. Ziaur Rahman
d. Indira Gandhi
8. Which among the following has repeatedly exploited the ASEAN countries?
a. China and Japan
b. The US and Japan
c. European and Japanese
d. American and Chinese

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9. Name the two powers which took part in the second world war?
a. The USA and The USSR
b. Axis powers and Allied powers
c. NATO and WARSAW
d. Japan and Germany
10. Which of the following is the ideology of the USA?
a. Communism
b. Capitalism
c. Democracy
d. Capitalism and Democracy
11. How did the NAM policy of India has served its interest?
a. NAM was a noble international cause and has not served India's interest in any way
b. India was felt ignored or unduly pressurized hence it has tilted towards USSR
c. It has allowed allowed India to eliminate its own citizen's economic inequalities
d. Non-Alignment allowed India to take international decisions that served it's interest
12. The Janata Party split and the government which was led by Morarji Desai lost its majority in less than _____ months.
a. 6 months
b. 8 months
c. 24 months
d. 18 month
13. What is the outcome of the treaty of Maastricht?
a. The ASEAN Way
b. Establishment of the European Union
c. The Open Door Policy
d. Adoption of the Euro as a common currency
14. Twenty Point Programme was announced by _____.
a. J.C. Shah
b. Mahatma Gandhi
c. Indira Gandhi
d. Morarji Desai
15. In which city the first World Social Forum meeting was organized in 2001?
a. Porto Alegre



- b. Mumbai
- c. Kaula Lumpur
- d. Nairobi

OR

Which of the statements are TRUE about the causes of globalisation?

- a. Globalisation originated in the US
 - b. Economic interdependence alone causes globalisation
 - c. Technology is an important cause of globalisation
 - d. Globalisation is caused by a particular community of people
16. WTO is serving as the successor to which of the following organisations?
- a. UN Development Programme
 - b. General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs
 - c. General Arrangement on Trade
 - d. World Health Organisation

Section B

17. **Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:**

The end of the Second World War is a landmark in contemporary world politics. In 1945, the Allied Forces, led by the US, Soviet Union, Britain, and France defeated the Axis Powers led by Germany, Italy, and Japan, ending the Second World War (1939-1945). The war had involved almost all the major powers of the world and spread out to regions outside Europe including Southeast Asia, China, Burma (now Myanmar), and parts of India's northeast. The end of the Second World War was also the beginning of the Cold War. The war devastated the world in terms of loss of human lives and civilian property. The First World War had earlier shaken the world between 1914 and 1918.

- i. Which of the following events has started after the Second World War?
 - a. The cold war
 - b. The Cuban missile crisis
 - c. The Non-alignment Movement
 - d. Global War on Terrorism
- ii. Which of the following was not a part of axis powers?
 - a. The US
 - b. Soviet Union
 - c. Britain
 - d. Italy
- iii. In which part of India the Second World War has spread?
 - a. Bihar
 - b. Bengal
 - c. Coastal states
 - d. Northeast
- iv. Which event has a longer duration in terms of years?
 - a. The First World War
 - b. The Second World War
 - c. Both are same
 - d. Cannot be determined



18. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Our leaders felt that carving out states on the basis of language might lead to disruption and disintegration. It was also felt that this would draw attention away from other social and economic challenges that the country faced. Protests began in the Telugu speaking areas of the old Madras province, which included present day Tamil Nadu, parts of Andhra Pradesh, Kerala and Karnataka. The Vishalandhra movement (as the movement for a separate Andhra was called) demanded that the Telugu speaking areas should be separated from the Madras province of which they were a part and be made into a separate Andhra province. The movement gathered momentum as a result of the Central government's vacillation. Potti Sriramulu, a Congress leader and a veteran Gandhian, went on an indefinite fast that led to his death after 56 days. Finally, the Prime Minister announced the formation of a separate Andhra state in December 1952.

- i. Name the first Indian states to be created on the basis of language?
 - a. Punjab
 - b. Andhra Pradesh
 - c. Nagaland
 - d. Gujarat
- ii. How many days Potti Sriramulu went on the fast?
 - a. 56
 - b. 66
 - c. 68

- d. 70
 - iii. When the central government appoints the state reorganization commission?
 - a. 1947
 - b. 1950
 - c. 1952
 - d. 1953
 - iv. Which of the following was not a part of the old Madras province?
 - a. Andhra Pradesh
 - b. Karnataka
 - c. Kerala
 - d. Goa

Section C

19. Mention the basic concerns about the reforms related to the processes and restructuring of the UNO.
20. How did relations improve after the conflict of 1962 between India and China?
21. What is Human Rights Watch? State any two objectives of the Human Rights Watch.
22. While the rest of the country was reorganised on linguistic lines in 1950s, why had Punjab to wait till 1966?

OR

What was the promise made regarding the formation of states by the Indian leaders?
When was this principle recognised and why?

Section D

23. Explain any two factors responsible for Pakistan's failure in building a stable democracy.
24. What were the main features of the international situation at the time of India's independence in 1947?
25. "Chinese economy has been recognised at the global level". Justify.



25. "Chinese economy has been recognised at the global level". Justify.

OR

Why did India and China both, view 'themselves as rising powers in global politics inspite of tension between them? Substantiate your answer by giving any four events that have brought cordiality in their relationship.

26. Explain any four consequences of globalisation.

OR

Define globalisation. It is a multi dimensional concept? Justify.

27. Why is Verghese Kurien nicknamed as milkman of India? How did his Amul pattern of cooperative movement become a uniquely appropriate model in itself?

Section E

28. In the given outline political map of India five states have been marked as (A) (B) (C) (D) and (E). Identify these states on the basis of the information given below and write their correct names in your answer book, along with their respective serial number of the information used and the concerned alphabets as per the following

- i. Name the state where a violent incident took place in 2002 at Godhara.
- ii. Which state was earlier known as Madras?
- iii. The states where Chipko agitation had started.
- iv. The state which was the princely state before 1947.
- v. The states where the MKSS demanded records for famine relief and accounts of labors.



29. Study the picture given below and answer the questions that follow:



Questions

1. What does the picture indicate?
2. Which party is being referred to as one party dominance?
3. Identify female character in the cartoon.

Section F

30. In what three ways did the collapse of the Soviet Union affect world politics? Explain.

OR

The transition from communism to capitalism was not a smooth one. Comment.

31. What important lessons can be drawn for Indian democracy from the declaration of Emergency of June 25, 1975?

OR

Explain any six factors responsible for the defeat of the Congress Party in 1977 elections.

32. Analyse any four factors that led the Congress Party to a spectacular win in 1971 elections.

OR

What do the following relate to?

- i. Jai Jawan, Jai Kisan
- ii. Garibi Hatao
- iii. Indira Hatao
- iv. Grand Alliance

